

Systems of Equations: Lesson 4a

Strange Solutions: Notes

Name: Answers

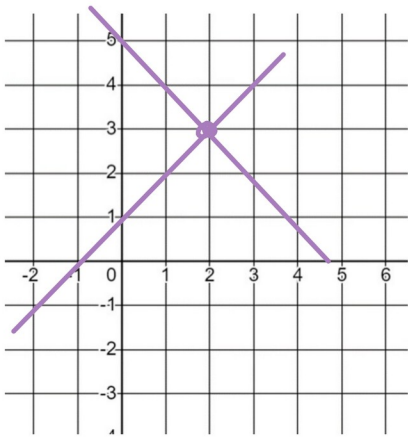


3 ways we can solve linear systems of equations:

graphing , substitution , elimination

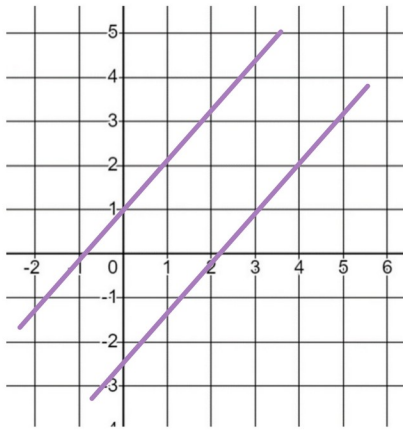
3 things that can happen when we solve linear systems:

1: 2 lines intersect 2: parallel lines 3: same lines



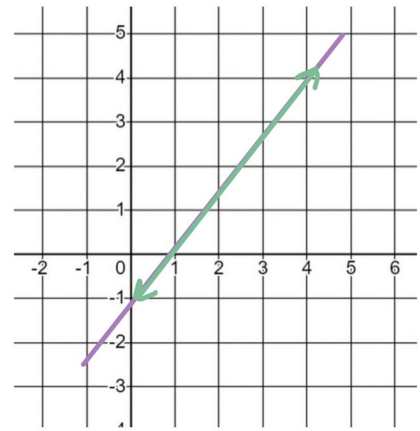
The answer is a

point



$0=3$

"no solutions"



$0=0$

"all real numbers"
infinite solutions

Solve:

$$3x - 4y = 7$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x - \frac{7}{4}$$

same lines

infinite solutions

"all real numbers"

$$3x - 4\left(\frac{3}{4}x - \frac{7}{4}\right) = 7$$

$$3x - \underline{3x} + \underline{7} = 7$$

$$\underline{0} + \underline{7} = 7$$

$$\underline{7} = 7$$

Solve:

$$5\left(\frac{4}{5}x - \frac{3}{5}y = 3.6\right) \rightarrow -2(4x - 3y = 18)$$

$$8x = 6y + 72 \rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 8x - 6y = 72 \\ -6y \quad -6y \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8x - 6y = 72 \\ -8x + 6y = -36 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$0 = 36 \quad \text{!}$$

parallel lines

"no solutions"